

Navigating Family Economic Resilience During and After Covid 19 PPKM in Bintuju Village, Angkola Muaratais District, 2021

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ABSTRACT

Covid19 has been spreading for more than two years as the epidemic has changed the way people think and live, including Indonesian citizens. PSBB's proposed restrictions continue, but the impact of the epidemic is not only decreasing but increasing. Now the government is rebuilding PPKM, which has blocked its spread and has not seen any decline. Household income decreased during the epidemic, especially the family's ability to meet their needs and income. To meet the needs of the residents of the neighborhood, the Abdimas team prepared a presentation about household income during the epidemic period for the residents of Bintuju Village. The first task is to conduct preliminary research to document the problems in Mindu village. After gathering information and consulting on how to manage household finances in the region. Empirically, it has had a significant impact. These restrictions will have an impact on the local economy, including layoffs, and small business closures, and will affect small businesses that are the family's livelihood. After Abdimas reports to the regular care team, the aim is to assist the family in their difficult times, especially after PPKM regarding work.

Keywords: Covid-19, family, economic resilience, pandemic

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INTRODUCTION

The Covid-19 pandemic, which began in late 2019, took the whole world by surprise. As a result, this epidemic affects every sphere of life, everywhere; illegal, legal, rich, and poor. The Covid-19 outbreak has caused an economic recession in many countries around the world (Sentosa E, Effendi M.S , Sovitriana R , Sarpan, 2022). Social distancing measures and social restrictions have taken to prevent the spread of Covid-19 are currently putting pressure on businesses, especially families, MSMEs, businesses, and finance (Apriyanti, 2020).

On the other hand, the PSBB decision resulted in economic activities in the Jakarta area becoming paralyzed due to the imposition of business operating hours. This situation causes the family's economy to become worse. As a result, as many as 239 households in Bintuju Village, Angkola Muaratais Subdistrict have been economically affected. They are people who have lost their income, such as motorcycle taxi drivers and small traders. It is feared that this condition makes it difficult for family institutions to survive in the midst of the Covid 19 outbreak. This fact is very concerning considering that the weak economic resilience of families in surviving the outbreak is likely to cause many new problems, including poverty, mental health problems, domestic violence, crime, malnutrition and others (Kemenkes RI, 2016).

The household economy plays an important role in macroeconomics, because the household economy can make money circulate smoothly. It is known that the supply and demand for money and goods comes from the household economy. It turns out that when there is an epidemic, the family economy is greatly affected, especially for middle to lower class families who only depend or depend on daily income.

Long-term stay-at home policies aimed at reducing the spread of Covid 19 have resulted in lower wages for workers. Due to Covid19 (Irawaty, 2020), almost every line of business can be affected by the economic downturn. As a small relationship, the family is also the first social place to display love, tradition and culture and plays a role in the growth of the public health mission (BPS, & PPPA, 2016). For this reason, the ability of families to solve economic problems based on the resources they have is called economic resilience (BPS, & PPPA, 2016).

The economic aspect of economic resilience is closely related to the fulfillment of consumer needs that include the production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services so that efforts to increase the level of people's livelihoods individually and in groups are achieved (Marlinah, 2017). This starts using forming family economic resilience. Through good family economic resilience, families can survive this pandemic.

METHOD

To achieve the previously formulated objectives, the implementation of this community service is carried out in several steps involving field research methods in the form of:

1. Identification of problems carried out as an initial step to formulate what will be used as material for designing systems and training materials in this community service activity. Conducting field surveys to Bintuju Village, Angkola Muaratais District

2. Bintuju Village as a place to carry out activities. Then conduct an interview and discussion process with the Bintuju Village apparatus, Angkola Muaratais District. to identify problems in the community of Bintuju Village, Angkola Muaratais District. Meanwhile, literature research for reference materials was used during this service activity.

In the implementation of this community service, it is carried out according to the schedule in Table 1 below:

1. Date of Service: September 13, 2021
2. Explanation Time: 8.30-11.00 WIB
3. East Service Place: Bintuju Village, Angkola Muaratais District

Table 1. Activity Schedule

No	Activities	Month	Month	Person in Charge
		September-October	October	
1	Preliminary Survey	V		Abdimas Team
2	Coordination with the Bintuju Village Forum, Angkola Muaratais District	V		Abdimas Team
3	Problem identification	V		Abdimas Team
4	Preparation of material	V		Abdimas Team
5	Implementation of counseling		V	Abdimas Team
6	Report	V	V	Abdimas Team

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

1. Coordination

Coordination of the implementation team attended by all members of the service team, both lecturers, technical personnel, and students to determine work plans, implementation strategies, identification and inventory of materials and equipment, determine the division of labor among the implementation team and preparation of materials to be delivered and determine the time and place for implementing counseling and training.

2. Counseling

Counseling activities are carried out to foster changes in partners which include the level of knowledge, skills, abilities, attitudes, and motivation of partners towards counseling activities in maintaining family economic resilience in the form of family financial management, and it is necessary to research measuring family financial resilience in the face of economic shocks such as the Covid-19 outbreak.



Figure 1: Presentation on Coping with Family Economic Resilience During and After Covid-19 PPKM

This counseling activity was delivered using slides and leaflets. The counseling activities went smoothly as expected. The participants were very enthusiastic in following the counseling and discussion.

3) Evaluation

Based on indicators of residence ownership, family income, financing of children's education, and family financial security, it is found that the economic resilience of families in Angkola Muaratais Sub-district, especially Bintuju Village during the Covid-19 pandemic, has decreased in terms of income and the ability to meet family needs in the face of economic shocks such as the Covid-19 outbreak.

CONCLUSION

Based on indicators of housing ownership, family income, financing of children's education, and family financial security, it is found that the economic resilience of families in Angkola Muaratais Sub-district, especially Bintuju Village during the Covid-19 pandemic, has decreased in terms of income and the ability to meet family needs.

Before the pandemic, 74% of families were able to fulfill their needs, but during the pandemic, it decreased by 18% to 56%. However, from the aspects of housing ownership, financing children's education, and family financial security, the economic resilience of families in Bintuju Village can be considered quite good.

Recommendations from this study are that a strategy is needed to maintain family economic resilience in the form of family financial management, and research is needed to measure family financial resilience in the face of economic shocks such as the Covid-19 outbreak.

Thank-you note

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